



Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2023

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Mathematics A (4MA1) Paper 1FR

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PMT

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
 - M marks: method marks
 - o A marks: accuracy marks
 - B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Abbreviations
 - o cao correct answer only
 - o ft follow through
 - isw ignore subsequent working
 - SC special case
 - oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
 - o dep dependent

- o indep independent
- o awrt answer which rounds to
- eeoo each error or omission

No working

If no working is shown, then correct answers normally score full marks.

If no working is shown, then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

• With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams) and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

If a candidate misreads a number from the question. E.g. Uses 252 instead of 255; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer on the answer line; where no answer is given on the answer line, award the lowest mark from the methods shown.

If there is no answer on the answer line, then check the working for an obvious answer.

• Parts of question

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another,

International GCSE Maths								
Apart from Que	Apart from Questions 9, 10, 17, 18b, 28 the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a							
correct method								
Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes				
1 (a)		Tuesday	1	B1 accept Tues, Tue, Tu				
				Allow 11 362				
(b)		Nine thousand six	1	B1				
		hundred and fifty						
		three						
(c)		8930	1	B1 cao				
(d)		9 hundreds	1	B1 accept 100(s), hundred(s), 900, nine				
				hundred(s)				
(e)		17391	1	B1 cao				
				Total 5 marks				

2 (a)	unlikely	1	B1
(b)	\times at 0	1	B1
(c)	1 odd number and	1	B1
	2 even numbers		
			Total 3 marks

3 (a)	Pentagon	1	B1	
(b)	7.6	1	B1	accept 7.4 – 7.8
(c)	<i>T</i> marked at interior angle <i>E</i> or exterior angle <i>C</i>	1	B1	must be the interior angle at <i>E</i> or exterior angle at <i>C</i> . Allow both angles to be marked but no others. Allow <i>t</i>
				Total 3 marks

4 (a)	16 squares shaded	1	B1	cao	
(b)	70	1	B1	cao	
(c)	0.049, 0.14, 0.4,	1	B1	oe	
	0.459, 0.49				
					Total 3 marks

5	(a)		Correct explanation	1	B1	eg 'she added 4', 'add 4', +4, rule is $4n - 2$, goes up by 4, $4 \times 5 - 2$ (= 18)
	(b)	Acceptable answers 1. (the) sequence is even 2. (217) is odd or not even 3. ' <i>n</i> th term is $4n - 2$ which will always be even' 4. 'sequence goes 214, 218' 5. (the) 54^{th} term is 214 6. it would be 218 (not 217) 7. $4n - 2$ so <i>n</i> is not an integer/whole number 8. 219 ÷ 4 oe (= 54.75) not an integer/whole number 9. not 2 less than a multiple of 4 10. does not end with 0, 2, 4, 6 and 8 (must have all 5 numbers) 11. each digit has an even digit at the end/does not end in an even number Not acceptable answers 1. adding 4 each time will not lead to 217 2. it goes past 217 3. 217 ÷ 4 (= 54.25) not an integer/whole number	Correct explanation	1	B1	
						Total 2 marks

(0.25 × 1000 (0250)		4	N/1	с , ·	
0	$eg 9.25 \times 1000 (= 9250) \text{ or}$		4	IVI I	for a correct conversion	M2 for
	$750 \div 1000 (= 0.75)$					750×13
	eg "9250" \div 750 (= 12(.333) or 13) or			M1	for a method to calculate the	(= 9750)
	$9.25 \div 0.75$ " (= 12(.333) or 13) or				number of bags required.	、 <i>、</i> ,
	$750 \times 12 (= 9000)$ or				Ft incorrect conversion	
	$0.75 \times 12 (= 9)$				or	
	or				for repeated addition to at least	
	eg 750, 1500, 2250,				9000 or 9 (allow one error) or for	
	0.75, 1.5, 2.25,				repeated subtraction to at least	
	or				250 or 0.25 (allow one error)	
	9250 8500 7750 250 or					
	0 25 8 5 7 75 0 25					
	9.25, 8.5, 7.75,, 0.25			2.61		
	$eg "13" \times 58$			MI	for a complete method.	
					Ft incorrect conversion – an attemp	t must have
					been made at a conversion to gain t	his mark.
					"13" must come from a number tha	t is
					rounded up	
					or	
					ft subtraction/addition method to find	
					number of bags allowing only one e	error
					"13" must come from a number tha	t is
					rounded up	
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from	754		A1	cao	
	obvious incorrect working)				SCB1 for 9.25 ÷ 750 (= 0.123(333)))
					Tot	tal 4 marks

7 (a)		12 <i>ac</i>	1	B1	
(b)		5d - 2e	2	B2	for $5d - 2e$ oe
					(B1 for $5d$ or $-2e$)
(c)	$4x = 23 \pm 7$ or $4x = 30$ or or $x = \frac{7}{23}$ or		2	M1	for a correct first step
	$4x - 25 + 7$ or $4x - 50$ oc or $x - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$ or				or a correct calculation for x
	$(23+7) \div 4$ or $30 \div 4$				
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from	7.5		A1	222 223 15 7 1 30
	obvious incorrect working)				$\log \log \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}$
					Total 5 marks

8 (a)		97	1	B1	
(b)		43	1	B1	
(c)	16 or 125		2	M1	for sight of 16 or 125
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from	2000		A1	
	obvious incorrect working)				
					Total 4 marks

9	eg (8+8) + (8+4) + (8+8+6) + (8+8+2) (=68) or 16+12+22+18 (=68)		4	M2	for a method to find the total cars sold in April with at least 3 out of 4 correct and intention to add or sight of 68
	or			(M1	
	8.5 × 8 (= 68)				for a method to find the totals for each employee with at least 3 out of 4 correct OR method to find the totals for 2 employees and intention to add)
	eg			M1	(indep) for a method to increase
	$60 \times 0.15 (= 9)$ oe or				60 by 15% or 15% of 60 or sight
	$60 \times 1.15 (= 69)$ oe				of 69 or 9
					Allow $\frac{"68"}{1.15} (= 59.1)$
	Working required	68 and 69		A1	Suitable conclusion e.g 59.1 v 60
		or			
		68 and 1			
		more needed			
					Total 4 marks

10	BCD = 108		5	M1	for angle $BCD = 108$ can be seen on diagram
	eg $360 - (*108* + 135 + 54) (= 63)$ or 360 - 297 (= 63)			MI	can be seen on diagram (63 or 297 implies the previous M1)
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	117		A1	for 117 can be seen on diagram
	 (i) <u>Vertically opposite</u> angles are equal Vertically <u>opposite angles</u> are equal (ii) <u>Angles</u> in a <u>quadrilateral</u> sum to 360° or 			B2	(dep on M1) for two correct reasons for their method
	angles in a <u>quadrilateral</u> sum to <u>360°</u> Accept "4-sided shape" (iii) <u>Angles</u> on a straight <u>line</u> add to 180° or angles on a straight <u>line</u> add to <u>180°</u>			(B1	(dep on M1) for 1 correct reason for their method)
					Total 5 marks

11	(a)		5	1	B1	
	(b)		3	1	B1	
	(c)	eg $0 \times 3 + 1 \times 7 + 2 \times 6 + 3 \times 11 + 4 \times 1 + 5 \times 2 (= 66)$ or 0 + 7 + 12 + 33 + 4 + 10 (= 66)		3	M1	for at least 5 correct products and intention to add
		"66" ÷ 30			M1	
		<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	2.2		A1	oe
						Total 5 marks

12	(-1, 6) (0, 4) (1, 2) (2, 0) (3, -2) (4, -4)	For a correct line between $x = -1$ and	3	B3	For a correct line between $x = -1$ and $x = 4$
		x = 4		B2 B1	For a correct straight line segment through at least 3 of (-1, 6) (0, 4) (1, 2) (2, 0) (3, -2) (4, -4) OR for all of $(-1, 6) (0, 4) (1, 2) (2, 0) (3, -2) (4, -4)$ plotted but not joined OR for a line drawn with a negative gradient through (0, 4) and clear intention to use a gradient of -2 For at least 2 correct points stated (may be in a table) OR for a line drawn with a negative gradient through (0, 4) OR
					for a line with a gradient of -2
	Correct answer score from obvious inco	s full marks (unless prrect working)			Total 3 marks

13	$eg 7.5 \times 5 (= 37.5) oe$	$eg 8 \div 0.5 (= 16)$		5	M1	for a method to find a
	or $8 \times (10 - 7.5)$ (= 20) oe	or $(10 - 7.5) \div 0.5$		-		relevant area
	or 10×5 (= 50) oe	(= 5)				OR
	or $(10 - 7.5) \times (8 - 5) (= 7.5)$ oe	or $(8-5) \div 0.5 (= 6)$				a method to find the number
	or $10 \times 8 (= 80)$ oe	or $10 \div 0.5 (= 20)$				of tiles along one 'row'
	or $7.5 \times (8-5) (= 22.5)$ oe	or $5 \div 0.5 (= 10)^{2}$				e
		or $7.5 \div 0.5 (= 15)$				
	eg	eg "16" × "5" (= 80)			M1	for a method to find the total
	"37.5" + "20" (= 57.5) oe	or "10" × "15" (= 150)				area of the shape
	or	or "5" × "6" (= 30)				OR
	"50" + "7.5" (= 57.5) oe	or "10" × "20" (= 200)				a method to find the number
	or					of tiles needed for one
	"80" - "22.5" (= 57.5) oe					rectangle
						-
	"57.5" \div 0.5 ² (= 230) oe or	eg			M1	dep on M1 for a method to
	"575 000" \div 10 000 \div 0.5 ² oe or	"80" + "150" (= 230)				find the total number of tiles
	"57.5" ÷ "0.25" (= 230) oe or	or				required
	"57.5" ÷ ("2500" ÷ 10 000) (= 230)	"30" + "200" (= 230)				(consistent units)
	oe					
	"230" × 4 (= 920)				M1	dep on previous M1 for
						multiplying the total number
						of tiles by 4
	Correct answer scores full marks (unle	ss from obvious incorrect	15 hours		A1	SCB1 for $0.5 \times 0.5 = 0.25$)
	working)		20 minutes			if no other marks are
						awarded
						Total 5 marks

13 ALT	eg $750 \times 500 (= 375\ 000)$ oe or $800 \times (1000 - 750) (= 200\ 000)$ oe or $1000 \times 500 (= 500\ 000)$ oe or $(1000 - 750) \times (800 - 500)$ $(= 75\ 000)$ oe or $1000 \times 800 (= 800\ 000)$ oe or $750 \times (800 - 500) (= 225\ 000)$ oe	eg $800 \div 50 (= 16)$ or $(1000 - 750) \div 50$ (= 5) or $(800 - 500) \div 50$ (= 6) or $1000 \div 50 (= 20)$ or $500 \div 50 (= 10)$ or $750 \div 50 (= 15)$		5	M1	for a method to find a relevant area OR a method to find the number of tiles along one 'row'
	eg "375 000" + "200 000" (= 575 000) oe or "500 000" + "75 000" (= 575 000) oe or "800 000" - "225 000" (=575 000) oe	eg "16" × "5" (= 80) or "10" × "15" (= 150) or "5" × "6" (= 30) or "10" × "20" (= 200)			M1	for a method to find the total area of the shape OR a method to find the number of tiles needed for one rectangle
	"575 000" \div 50 ² (= 230) oe or "57.5" \times 10 000 \div 50 ² oe or "575 000" \div "2500" (= 230) or oe "575 000" \div ("0.25" \times 10 000) (= 230) oe	eg "80" + "150" (= 230) or "30" + "200" (= 230)			M1	dep on M1 for a method to find the total number of tiles required (consistent units)
	"230" × 4 (= 920)				M1	dep on previous M1 for multiplying the total number of tiles by 4
	Correct answer scores full marks (unle. working)	ss from obvious incorrect	15 hours 20 minutes		A1	SCB1 for $50 \times 50 (= 2500)$ if no other marks are awarded
						Total 5 marks

14		F = 2r + 7h	3	B3	for $F = 2r + 7h$ oe
				(B2	for $2r + 7h$ or $F = 2r + ah$ or $F = br + 7h$ or $F = 2h + 7r$)
				(B1	for $2r + ah$ or $br + 7h$ or $2h + 7r$ or $F = 2r$ or $F = 7h$ or for $F =$ an incorrect expression in r and h)
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)				Total 3 marks

15	e^{21} and 10 or $21n$ and $10n$		2	M1	for finding a common
	$rac{cg}{35} = \frac{3}{35} = \frac{3}{35} = \frac{3}{35n} = \frac{3}$				denominator with at least one
					fraction correct
	$\frac{21}{10} + \frac{10}{10} - \frac{31}{10}$	Shown		A1	dep on M1, for a complete correct
	$\overline{35}^+ \overline{35}^- \overline{35}^-$				method leading to $\frac{31}{2}$
	$\frac{21n}{10} + \frac{10n}{10} - \frac{31n}{10} - \frac{31}{10}$				35
	$\frac{1}{35n} + \frac{1}{35n} + \frac{1}$				
	Working required				Total 2 marks

16	1700 ÷ 2 (= 850)	M2 for eg		4	M1	for finding the	M2 for a
		1700×7 (= 5950)				value of one	complete
		$\frac{1}{2}$ (3)30)				share	method to find
	"850" × 5 (= 4250)	5 (1250)			M1	for finding the	the cost of
	or	or $1/00 \times \frac{-}{2} (= 4230)$				cost of Seiso's	Seiso's share
	" $850" \times (2+5)$	<u> </u>				share	or
	(= 5950)					or	the total of
	or					the total of	Roland and
	1700 + "4250"					Roland and	Seiso's share
	(= 5950)					Seiso's share	
	eg 1700 + "4250" + (1700 + or "5950" + (1700 + 2150) or "5950" + 3850	+ 2150)			M1	for a complete m	ethod
	Correct answer scores f obvious incorrect worki	ull marks (unless from ng)	9800		Al	SCB1 for $1700 \div 5 (= 340)$ $1700 \div 7 (= 242)$ $2150 \div 7 (= 307)$ $2150 \div 2 (= 1075)$ $2150 \div 5 (= 430)$	or .85) or 243) or .14)) or 5) or
							Total 4 marks

18		I	2	N / 1	
1/	e.g. $2 \times 5 \times 225$ or		5	IVI I	ior 2 correct stages in prime factorisation
	$2 \times 5 \times 225$ of 5 × 5 × 90 or $5^2 \times 90$				or at least 3 stages in prime factorisation
	$3 \times 5 \times 150 \text{ or}$				with no more than 1 incorrect stage
	$3 \times 3 \times 150$ or $3^2 \times 250$				Fach stage gives 2 factors $-$ may be in a
	5 5 250 01 5 250				factor tree or a table or listed eg 2, 2, 225
	eg eg				(see LHS for examples of the amount of
	2250				work needed for the award of this mark).
	2 2250				Example of 3 stages with 1 incorrect
	5 1125 2 1125				stage:
	225				$2250 = 225 \times 100 = 3 \times 5 \times 15 \times 100$
	5 225				or $225 = 3 \times 5 \times 15$
	e.g. $2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$			M1	for 2, 3, 3, 5, 5, 5 or
	e.g. e.g.				$2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$ or
	2250				$2, 3^2, 5^3$ oe or $2 + 2^2 + 5^3$
	2 2250				$2 + 3^{2} + 3^{3}$
	5 1125 2 1125				(ignore 1s)
	3 225				(ignore is)
	5 75 5 225				(may be a fully correct factor tree or
	3 15				ladder)
	5 5				
	3 5				
	Working required	$2 \times 3^2 \times 5^3$		A1	dep on M2
	V I				can be any order (allow $2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5^3$)
					Total 3 marks

18	(a)(i)	7, 11, 13, 5	5, 7, 11, 13	1	B1	
	(ii)	5, 15, 10, 6, 8, 12, 14	5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 15	1	B1	
	(b)		Correct reason	1	B1	eg 9 is not a member of <i>C</i> or 9 is not in <i>C</i> or <i>C</i> only contains 6, 8, 10, 12, 14 or 9 is outside of <i>C</i> there must be no contradictory or incorrect statements
						Total 3 marks

19 (a)	$\frac{eg}{\frac{9.6}{6}} (= 1.6 \text{ oe}) \text{ or } \frac{6}{9.6} (= 0.625 \text{ oe}) \text{ or}$ $\frac{("GH")}{6} = \frac{4}{9.6} \text{ oe}$		2	M1	for a correct scale factor accept ratio notation eg 9.6 : 6 (can be seen near the diagram)
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	2.5		A1	oe allow 2,5
(b)	eg 5.7 × "1.6" or 5.7 ÷ "0.625" or 5.7 × $\frac{4}{"2.5"}$ or 5.7 ÷ $\frac{"2.5"}{4}$ or $\frac{("BC")}{9.6} = \frac{5.7}{6}$		2	M1	ft their scale factor from (a)
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	9.12		A1	oe ft their scale factor from (a) allow 9,12
					Total 4 marks

20			7	N (1	
20	$ (AB^2 =) 6^2 + 6^2 (= 72) $		5	MI	for a correct start to the method to find AB
	or $\sin 45 = \frac{6}{(AB)}$ or $\cos 45 = \frac{6}{(AB)}$ or				
	$\mathbf{or} \left(AB^2 = \right)6^2 + 6^2 - 2 \times 6 \times 6 \times \cos 90$				
	eg $(AB =)\sqrt{6^2 + 6^2} (= \sqrt{72} \text{ or } 6\sqrt{2} \text{ or } 8.48)$			M1	for a complete method to find the length of <i>AB</i>
	or $(AB =) \frac{6}{\sin 45} (= \sqrt{72} = 6\sqrt{2} = 8.48)$				
	or $(AB =) \frac{6}{\cos 45} (= \sqrt{72} = 6\sqrt{2} = 8.48)$				
	or $(AB =)\sqrt{6^2 + 6^2 - 2 \times 6 \times 6 \times \cos 90}$				
	eg $\pi \times 6 (= 6\pi \text{ or } 18.8)$ or $\pi \times 6 \div 2 (= 3\pi \text{ or } 9.42)$ or $\pi \times "8.48$ "(= 26.6)			M1	(indep) for a method to find the circumference of one whole circle or the arc length of one semicircle seen (may be embedded)
	or $\pi \times "8.48" \div 2 (=13.3)$				
	eg $2 \times "3\pi" + "13.3"$ or "9.42" + "9.42" + "13.3" or "18.8" + "13.3"			M1	for a complete correct method to find the perimeter of the shape
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	32.2		A1	accept answers in the range $32.1 - 32.3$
					Total 5 marks

21	eg 0.74 × 300 (= 222) or		2	M1	for a method to work out an estimate for the number of games Evie will win
	1 - 0.74 (= 0.26) seen or				or the probability that Evie will lose
	$\frac{78}{300}$				an answer of $\frac{78}{300}$
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	78		A1	cao
					Total 2 marks

22 (a)	m^7	1	B1	
(b)	8	1	B1	Allow k^8
(c)	$9x^{12}y^{16}$	2	B2	B1 for a product in the form ax^py^q
				where 2 from <i>a</i> , <i>p</i> or <i>q</i> are correct eg $3x^{12}y^{16}$ (Allow $9x^{12}$ or $9y^{16}$ or $x^{12}y^{16}$ so as long as not added to any other terms)
				Total 4 marks

23	(a)		$4x^2 - 20x$	1	B1	$or - 20x + 4x^2$
	(b)	$(y \pm 5)(y \pm 4)$ or $(5 \pm y) (4 \pm y)$ or		2	M1	for $(y \pm 5)(y \pm 4)$
		y(y-4)-5(y-4) or				or
						$(5 \pm y) (4 \pm y)$
		y(y-5)-4(y-5)				or
						for $(y+a)(y+b)$
						where $ab = 20$ or $a + b = -9$
		Correct answer scores full marks (unless from	(y-5)(y-4)		A1	oe Allow any letter for y
		obvious incorrect working)				Accept $(5 - y) (4 - y)$
						Total 3 marks

24 (a)		0.0056	1	B1
(b)	20000000 oe eg 20×10^6 or 0.2×10^8		2	M1
	or 2×10^n $n \neq 7$ or $\frac{6 \times 10^{(3+5)}}{21+9}$ or $\frac{6 \times 10^8}{30}$ or			
	$\frac{6 \times 10^3}{3 \times 10^{-4}} \text{ or } \frac{6000}{0.0003} \text{ or } \frac{6000}{3 \times 10^{-4}}$			
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	2×10^{7}		A1
				Total 3 marks

25	0.12 × 700 000 oe (= 84 000)		3	M1	for finding 12% or	M2 for
	or				88% of 700 000	$700\ 000 \times 0.88^3$
	0.88 × 700 000 oe (= 616 000)					or
	or					$700\ 000 imes 0.88^4$
	$700\ 000 \times 0.88^2$ oe (= 542\ 080)					(= 419 786.75)
	0.88 × "616 000" oe (= 542 080)			M1	for completing method	
	and				to find the value of the	
	$0.88 \times 542\ 0.80$ " oe (= 477 030.4)				car	
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from	477 030		A1	accept 477 030 - 477 03	31
	obvious incorrect working)					
					SC: if no other marks ga	ained award M1 for
					0.36 × 700 000 oe or 25	2 000
					or 0.64 × 700 000 oe or	448 000
					accept $(1 - 0.12)$ as equi	ivalent to 0.88
					throughout	
						Total 3 marks

26	Triangle with vertices	2	B2	for a fully correct shape with
	(3, 6) (3, 9) (5, 6)			correct orientation and in the correct position.
			(B1	for a shape of correct size and orientation or 2 or 3 points plotted correctly)
				Total 2 marks

27	$(V =)\frac{1950}{7.2}(=250)$ or $7.8 = \frac{1950}{5.2}$ or $7.8 = \frac{1950}{20}$		3	M1	for correct method to find volume using $mass \doteq density$ or a correct equation with
	$\frac{1}{1.8} \qquad w \times 5 \times 4 \qquad w \times 20$				correct expression for volume
					(may be embedded in another
					calculation)
	eg			M1	for a fully correct equation in w
	$w = \frac{1950}{1000}$				or
	$7.8 \times 5 \times 4$				a fully correct calculation to find the value of w (may be labelled as w or L)
	or $20w = \frac{1950}{100}$				value of w (may be labelled eg x of L)
	7.8				
	or $20w = 250$				
	or $4 \times 5 \times w = "250"$				
	OR				
	eg				
	$5 \times 4 \times 7.8$				
	or $1950 \div (20 \times 7.8)$				
	or 1950 ÷ 156				
	$\frac{\mathbf{0r}}{\mathbf{0r}} = \frac{1}{2} 0 0 + \frac{1}{2} 0$	10.5		A 1	
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from	12.5		AI	
	odvious incorrect working)				T-4-12
					Total 3 marks

28	(a)	eg x + 0.15 + 0.5 + y + 0.13 x + y = 1 - 0.15 - 0.5 - 0 x + y + 0.81 = 1 oe or x + y = 1 - 0.81 oe or 1 - 0.15 - 0.5 - 0.13 - 0 1 - 0.81 = 0.19 oe	+0.03 = 1 oe or 0.13 - 0.03 oe or .03 = 0.19 oe or		2	M1	for setting up an equation in <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> using the sum of probabilities equals 1 or for showing that probabilities add up to 1
		Working required		Shown		A1	correctly rearranges to x + y = 0.19 (must be shown from a correct method) or a clear statement that $x + y = 0.19$
	(b)	x + y = 0.19 3x - y = 0.09 Adding (x + 3x = 0.19 + 0.09 or 4x = 0.28) or 3x - (0.19 - x) = 0.09 or x + 3x - 0.09 = 0.19	3x + 3y = 0.57 3x - y = 0.09 Subtracting (3y y = 0.57 - 0.09 or 4y = 0.48) or 3(0.19 - y) - y = 0.09 or $\left(\frac{0.09 + y}{3}\right) + y = 0.19$		3	M1	for a correct method to eliminate x or y : coefficients of x or y the same and correct operator to eliminate selected variable (condone any one arithmetic error in multiplication) or writing x or y in terms of the other variable and correctly substituting (condone missing brackets)

"0.07" + $y = 0.19$ or $3 \times "0.07" - y = 0.09$ or y = 0.19 - "0.07" or $y = 3 \times "0.07" - 0.09$	$3x + 3 \times "0.12" = 0.57$ or 3x - "0.12" = 0.09 or x = 0.19 - "0.12" or $x = \left(\frac{0.09 + "0.12"}{3}\right)$		M1	dep on first M1 for a correct method to find other variable by substitution of found variable into one equation or for repeating the above method to find the second variable.
Working required		x = 0.07 and $y = 0.12$	A1	oe dep on M1
				Total 5 marks

PMT